**Kế hoạch ôn tập tổ Anh văn**

**1. Nội dung:**

**- Khối 10:** - Passive voice (ba bài/ 50 câu)

 - If clauses (hai bài/ 40 câu)

**- Khối 11:** ba đề ôn tập giữa kì (150 câu)

**- Khối 12:** ba đề ôn tập giữa kì (150 câu)

**2. Hình thức:**

- Học sinh sẽ làm bài trên sách bài tập hoặc làm trên giấy A4 nếu không có sách bài tập.

- Giáo viên sẽ kiểm tra bài làm của học sinh khi các em đi học lại và sẽ cho một bài kiểm tra 15 phút dựa trên những nội dung đã làm.

- Nhà trường sẽ thông báo nội dung ôn tập trên website của trường.

**Nội dung ôn tập Khối 10**

**PASSIVE VOICE**

**Active**: S V O

**Passive:** S **BE – V3** (by – O)

Ex. Mrs. Pike made this dress.

–> This dress was made by Mrs. Pike.

+ Someone gave her a bulldog.

–> She was given a bulldog.

–> A bulldog was given **to** her.

**1. Infinitive constructions after passive verbs:**

People

They (V) THAT S (V)

Everyone

–> It (be) V3 THAT S (V)

 To V1 (a)

 –> S (be) V3

 To have V3 (b) (A previous action)

Ex: People said that he was jealous of her.

–> It was said that he was jealous of her.

–> He was said **to be** jealous of her.

Ex: They know that she was in love with a foreigner.

–> It’s known that she was in love with a foreigner.

–> She’s known **to have been** in love with a foreigner.

**Note:**

**(V)\* = acknowledge, assume, believe, claim, consider, suppose, estimate, feel, find, know, presume, report, think, rumour, understand, say, etc.**

**2. Causative form:**

**HAVE sb DO sth GET sb *to* DO sth**

**HAVE sth DONE (by sb) GET sth DONE (by sb)**

Ex: I had Mary type this letter.

 I had this letter written (by Mary).

**PRACTICE:**

**Exercise 1:**

1. That little girl is said \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ after by her neighbour.

 a. to be looked b. to have looked c. to look d. looking

2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ yet?

 a. Has the report been written b. Has the report written

 c. Did the report write d. Was the report written

3. The manager had his car \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ last week.

 a. to be repaired b. repaired c. was repaired d. to repair

4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ last term?

 a. Did this tractor buy b. were the tractor bought

 c. Has this tractor bought d. was the tractor bought

5. The World War II \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in 1939.

 a. were occurred b. was occurred c. occurs d. occurred

6. Today, many childhood diseases \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by early immunization.

 a. is prevented b. prevent

 c. are preventing d. can be prevented

7. Tom was thought \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ an accident when he travelled to Paris.

 a. having b. to have c. had d. to be had

8. Renoir’s paintings \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ masterpieces all over the world.

 a. had considered b. are considering

 c. consider d. are considered

9. Last night the tornado swept through Rockville. It \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ everything in its paths.

 a. had been destroyed b. was destroyed

 c. was being destroyed d. destroyed

10. A shortage of water is a problem in many parts of the world. In some areas, water \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from the ground faster than nature can replenish the supply.

 a. is being taken b. Is taking

 c. Has been taking d. Has taken

11. She \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the last bus because she had some letters \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 a. missed/to type b. have been missed/were typed

 c. was missed/typing d. had been missed/typed

12. Whether you got on studying the project or not, it \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 a. didn’t matter b. wasn’t matter

 c. isn’t matter me d. doesn’t matter me

13. The meeting \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ two hours then it \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 a. was lasted/stopped b. lasts/stopped

 c. is lasted/stops d. lasted/stopped

14. John \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to have finished his work before dead line.

 a. believes b. is believing c. is believed d. believed

15. The president \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ seriously ill.

 a. is being said b. is said for being

 c. is said d. is said to be

16. The new bridge \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by the end of last month.

 a. designed b. had designed

 c. had been designed d. would be designed

17. The teacher made us do a lot of homework because the final exam was coming.

 a. A lot of homework was made to do.

 b. A lot of homework was made by the teacher.

 c. We were made do a lot of homework by our teacher.

 d. We were made to do a lot of homework by our teacher.

18. The children \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a terrible noise last night.

 a. heard b. had heard

 c. were heard d. are heard

19. The letters \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to your parents as soon as possible.

 a. is sent b. being sent

 c. will be sent d. will send

20. Bee is known \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ honey.

 a. make b. to make

 c. have made d. to have made

**Exercise 2:** *Rewrite the following sentences, using passive voice*

1. The milkman brings the milk to my door but the postman leaves the letters in the hall.

→

2. People steal things from supermarket every day.

→

3. Someone turned on the lights in the hall and opened the door.

→

4. Women clean this office in the evening after the staff have left.

→

5. You can’t wash this dress. You must dry-clean it.

→

6. They are demolishing the entire block.

→

7. Passengers shouldn’t throw away their tickets as the inspectors may check these during the journey.

→

 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

8. People consider that she was the best singer that Australia has ever produced.

→ It

→ She

9. We know that he is armed.

→ It

→ He

10. They believe that the man has special knowledge which may be useful to the police.

→ It

→ The man

11. People used oil-lamps years ago.

→

12. We had those boys clean the beach.

→

13. How do people make carpets?

→

14. People say the bridge was destroyed in the war.

→

→

15. We have not used this computer for a long time.

→

16. They are widening the road in our town.

→

17. They urged the government to create more jobs.

→ The government \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

18. About thirty million people are watching this programme.

→

19. We expect students not to talk during the examination.

→

20. No one has made any comments on the event.

→

**Exercise 3: *Rewrite the sentences***

1. Someone reported that the situation was under control.
-> The situation .

2. It is said that she works 15 hours a day.
-> She .

3. Someone thinks that the company is planning a new advertising programme.

-> The company .

4. People think that the man robbed a bank.

-> The .
5. People say fossil fuels are on the verge of being used up.
-> Fossil .

6. They report that a plane has crashed in Bolivia.

-> A .

7. People know that Roland inherited a lot of money.
-> Roland .

8. Newspaper report that the oil price is rising again.
-> The .

9. People expect that the official will be dismissed for bribery.

-> The .

10. Everyone considers that a wonderful opportunity for young people.

-> That .

**IF CLAUSES**

**Exercise 1: Choose the best answer**

1. If I \_\_\_\_\_ time, I will help you.

 a. have b. had c. had had d. will have

2. If I \_\_\_\_\_\_ her, I would have said hello.

 a. saw b. had seen c. would see d. see

3. Would George be angry if I \_\_\_\_\_ his bicycle without asking?

 a. take b. took c. had taken d. would take

4. If you \_\_\_\_\_\_ here yesterday, you \_\_\_\_\_\_ me.

 a. were / would meet b. had been / would meet

 c. were / would have met d. had been / would have met

5. Had she sold her car, she \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ much money.

 a. would have b. would have had c. will have d. had had

6. If I find it, I \_\_\_\_\_\_ you.

 a. will tell b. would tell c. had told d. told

7. If we took the 6.30 train, we \_\_\_\_\_ too early.

 a. would have arrived b. will arrive

 c. arrived d. would arrive

8. Joe can’t hear \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you shout.

 a. if b. unless c. whether d. but

9. I \_\_\_\_\_ you a postcard while I was on holiday if I \_\_\_\_\_ your address.

 a. would have sent / had had b. would have sent / had

 c. would send / had d. would send / had had

10. \_\_\_\_\_\_ in your situation, I wouldn’t trust him.

 a. If I am b. Were I c. Were d. If I had been

11. If Tom \_\_\_\_\_ the train, he \_\_\_\_\_ late for his previous interview.

 a. missed / would have been b. had missed / would be

 c. missed / would be d. had missed / would have been

12. We are going to start painting the house tomorrow \_\_\_\_it’s not raining.

 a. if b. unless c. until d. when

13. If you are right, I \_\_\_\_\_\_ wrong.

 a. will be b. had been

 c. would be d. would have been

14. If I was offered the job, I think I \_\_\_\_\_ it.

 a. take b. will take

 c. would take d. would have taken

15. If someone \_\_\_\_\_ into the store, smile and say “May I help you?”

 a. comes b. came c. would come d. could come

16. \_\_\_\_ you, I’d think twice about that decision. It could be a bad move

 a. If I had been b. Were I c. Should I be d. If I am

 17. If my candidate had won the election, I \_\_\_\_\_\_ happy now.

 a. am b. would be c. would have been d. will be

18. If I \_\_\_\_\_ to the party last night, I \_\_\_\_\_\_ tired now.

 a. had gone / would be b. had gone / would have been

 c. went / would be d. went / would have been

19. If he had looked where he was going, he \_\_\_\_\_ into the wall.

 a. wouldn’t have walked b. didn’t walk

 c. won’t walk d. wouldn’t walk

 20. Tom \_\_\_\_\_ for the examination last week if he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that it would be so difficult.

 a. wouldn’t enter / had known

 b. wouldn’t have entered / knew

 c. wouldn’t have entered / had known

 d. wouldn’t enter / knew

 **Exercise 2: Rewrite the following sentences with given words**

1. I’m very busy so I can’t go with you.

→ If

2 The salary is too low; that’s why many workers give up their jobs.

→ If

3. All of your neighbours complain about you because you make so much noise at night.

→ If

4. He won’t go on a picnic unless the weather is good.

→ If

5. You came to class too late; that’s why the teacher didn’t let you in.

→ If

6. The room was too small for us to live in.

→ If

7. We missed the train. We were late for the meeting.

 → If

 8. I’ll tell you the truth but you must promise to keep it secret.

→ Unless

→ If

 9. I was able to buy a car because Jim lent me the money.

→ If

10. The man wore a false beard so we couldn’t recognize him.

→ If

11. I am not hungry so I don’t eat anything.

→ If

12. If the England don’t improve their games, they are going to lose the match.

→ Unless

13. He didn’t tell his parents where he went so his parents got angry with him.

→ If

14. We didn’t see Daisy yesterday so we didn’t ask her about her holiday.

→ If

15. Peter spoke so loudly that the baby woke up.

→ If

16. There will be shortage of water unless it rains.

→ If

17. Hurry up or you will be late for school.

→ If

→ Unless
18. I went home late last night. I missed my favorite game show on TV.

→ If

19. Without his help, we couldn’t have finished our work on time.

→ If

20. The hard work made them too tired after a working day.

→ If

**Nội dung ôn tập Khối 11**

**MIDTERM TEST 2013-2014**

***I. PHONETICS: Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others***

**1: A.** exhausted **B.** changed **C.** endangered **D.** conserved

**2: A.** swing **B.** sword **C.** swear **D.** swallow

**3: A.** skill **B.** scientist **C.** school **D.** disk

***II. STRESS: Choose the word which has stress pattern different from the others***

**4: A.** punctuality **B.** introduce **C.** alternative **D.** geothermal

**5: A.** develop **B.** potential **C.** available **D.** infinite

***III. WORD FORM, WORD CHOICE AND SPEAKING***

**6:** – “Could you help me send this document to my office by fax?” – “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

**A.** Certainly. What’s the number, please? **B.** I think I couldn’t.

**C.** The document was sent to my office. **D.** What’s the problem with the document?

**7:** She's never \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with what she's got.

**A.** satisfactory **B.** satisfied **C.** satisfying **D.** satisfy

**8:** We offer our customers the best services with a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ staff, who are always thoughtful and courteous to customers.

**A.** well-trained **B.** well-paid **C.** well-equipped **D.** well-preserved

**9:** Competition winners will be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by post.

**A.** noted **B.** inform **C.** notified **D.** notice

**10:** Education works only if the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ really wants it.

**A.** recipient **B.** supplier **C.** protector **D.** subscriber

**11:** Road development in the area has been affected by the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ programs of the council.

**A.** conserved **B.** conservationist **C.** conserve **D.** conservation

**12:** The tendency to use \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ energy sources is on the increase when \_\_\_\_\_\_ ones are running out.

**A.** renewable / non-renewable **B.** non-renewed / renewed

**C.** non-renewable / renewable **D.** renewed / non-renewed

**13:** Many organizations have been \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ up and funds have been raised.

**A.** set **B.** established **C.** suggested **D.** appeared

**14:** – “Why should tourists wear sunglasses when they visit Ayers Rock?” – “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

**A.** Because of their eyes. **B.** It wasn’t a sunny day.

**C.** In order to protect their eyes, I guess. **D.** Well, tourists should wear glasses.

**15:** – “How do you usually go to school?” – “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

**A.** Half an hour. **B.** Two kilometers. **C.** On foot. **D.** Five days a week.

**16:** – “Sorry, I’m late.” – “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

**A.** It’s OK. **B.** Hold on, please. **C.** Don’t be scared! **D.** Go ahead!

**17:** – “What do you want to do this weekend?” – “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

**A.** That sounds wonderful. **B.** Went out with my sister.

**C.** No problem! **D.** No idea!

**18:** I suggest that you try to give constructive rather than \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ criticism.

**A.** destruction **B.** destroy **C.** destructive **D.** indestructible

**19:** Graduates have to fight for jobs in a highly \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ market.

**A.** competitive **B.** competitively **C.** competition **D.** compete

**20:** Riding a bike in New York City can be quite \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, mostly for the bicyclists themselves.

**A.** endanger **B.** dangerous **C.** dangerously **D.** endangered

***IV. GRAMMAR AND STRUCTURES***

**21:** Martha, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the inner city, had never seen a cow before.

**A.** to be brought up **B.** bringing up

**C.** who brought up **D.** who was brought up

**22:** A small stone struck the windshield while we \_\_\_\_\_ down the gravel road.

**A.** had driven **B.** drive **C.** were driving **D.** had been driving

**23:** I have three sisters, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are teachers now.

**A.** who they all **B.** who all of **C.** all of them **D.** all of whom

**24:** My hometown, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ we will visit tomorrow, is a peaceful place.

**A.** which **B.** where **C.** there **D.** that

**25:** The little girl started to cry. She \_\_\_\_\_ her doll, and no one was able to find it for her.

**A.** had lost **B.** was lost **C.** has lost **D.** was losing

**26:** The last man \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ interviewed was entirely suitable.

**A.** who were **B.** to be **C.** who **D.** that

**27:** By the time I go to bed tonight, I \_\_\_\_\_ my work for the day.

**A.** finish **B.** finished **C.** will finish **D.** will have finished

**28:** The boy \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ his bicycle broke his leg.

**A.** who fell off **B.** falling off **C.** fallen off **D.** to fall off

**29:** After Jessica \_\_\_\_\_ her degree, she intends to work in her father's company.

**A.** will finish **B.** finishes **C.** will have finished **D.** is finishing

**30:** The girl \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I borrowed the dictionary asked me to give it back next Saturday.

**A.** from that **B.** that **C.** whom **D.** from whom

***V. GAP FILLING:***

Here are some suggestions for practical (31)\_\_\_\_\_:

* Use less fuel at home and work.
* Persuade governments to pay for researches into (32)\_\_\_\_\_ energy resources like solar power.
* Recycle paper, glass, metal, plastic and batteries as much as possible.
* Ask for bottle banks for glass recycling at local supermarkets.
* Walk, cycle or use public transport, if possible, (33)\_\_\_\_\_ down on car exhaust fumes, which contribute (34)\_\_\_\_\_ the green house effect.
* Launch campaign for public transport systems to be improved.
* (35)\_\_\_\_\_ one of the many pressure groups which work to protect wildlife and the countryside.

**31: A.** conserve **B.** conservation **C.** conservative **D.** conservationist

**32: A.** another **B.** non-renewable **C.** replacing **D.** alternative

**33: A.** cut **B.** cutting **C.** to cut **D.** to be cut

**34: A.** of **B.** for **C.** in **D.** to

**35: A.** Subscribe **B.** Join **C.** Enroll **D.** Become

***VI. READING:***

Jersey Zoological Park or Jersey Zoo is a 25- acre (100,000 m²) zoological park established in 1959 on the island of Jersey in the English Channel by naturalist and author Gerald Durrell (1925-1995). It is now officially called Durrell Wildlife after its founder, and in an attempt to shed its stereotype as a Zoo. Despite a lack of emphasis on large animals and its relatively out-of-the-way location, it has approximately 169,000 visitors per year with numbers tending to vary with the tourist trade to Jersey. Durrell began his career capturing animals for other zoos, but thought that the facilities needed to concentrate more on animal conservation rather than mere entertainment. He tells the story of starting the zoo in his book “A Zoo in my Luggage”. Jersey Zoo has always concentrated on rare and endangered species. It has mammals, birds, amphibians and reptiles, comprising over 190 species.

**36:** Where is Jersy Zoo located?

**A.** on the mainland **B.** on an island

**C.** in the north of England **D.** near a large lake

**37:** What did Durrell do when he started his career?

**A.** protected endangered species **B.** wrote books on animals

**C.** hunted rare animals **D.** caught animals for the zoos

**38:** What does the word “attempt” mean?

**A.** ability **B.** effort **C.** idea **D.** advice

**39:** Which one below is a disadvantage of Jersy Zoo, as referred in the text?

**A.** Few visitors come here every year.

**B.** The Zoo has conserved many large animals.

**C.** The Zoo is situated in a remote area.

**D.** The facilities concentrate more on conservation rather than mere entertainment.

**40:** Which of the following sentences is NOT true?

**A.** There are over 190 species of animals in this zoo.

**B.** Durrell was the writer of “A Zoo in my Luggage”.

**C.** Gerald Durrell established Jersey Zoological Park in 1959.

**D.** Jersy Zoo only concentrates on rare and dangerous animals.

***VII. ERROR RECOGNITION***

**41:** The house that I am looking up belongs to my aunt.

 A B C D

**42:** Monday is the time at which we will have a meeting.

 A B C D

**43:** The experiment was conducted in the school’s laboratory by Abraham last week was unsuccessful.

 A B C D

**44:** If the wind doesn’t blow, there has no wind energy.

 A B C D

**45:** He is moving to Lang Son City, where is in the north-east of Vietnam.

 A B C D

***VII. TRANSFORMATION:*** ***Complete the sentences so that the meaning stays the same. Do not change the word given. You must use between 2-5 words, including the word given.***

**46:** That’s the room. The meeting is held there. (IN)

🡪 That’s the room \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is held.

**47:** Britain imports many new cars. Some of them were made in Japan. (WHICH)

🡪 Britain imports many \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ were made in Japan.

**48:** Be sure to follow the instructions that are given on this page. (GIVEN)

🡪 Be sure to follow the instructions \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**49:** It’s three months since she started learning English. (BEEN)

🡪 She \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for three months.

**50:** Lan is the only student who handed in the assignment on time. (HAND)

🡪 Lan is the only student \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on time.

**MIDTERM TEST 2014-2015**

**PHONETICS: Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others**

**1: A.** plenty **B.** energy **C.** only **D.** hydro

**2: A.** spacious **B.** village **C.** nation **D.** may

**STRESS: Choose the word which has stress pattern different from the others**

**3: A.** power **B.** enough **C.** water **D.** solar

**4: A.** discover **B.** endanger **C.** employee **D.** addition

**5: A.** action **B.** habit **C.** danger **D.** survive

**WORD FORM – WORD CHOICE - SPEAKING**

**6:** X: “Have a cigarette!”    Y: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. I'm trying to stop.”

**A.** No, thanks **B.** Yes, please **C.** Not at all **D.** Come on

**7:** You can choose to send your letters by air or \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ mail.

**A.** land **B.** surface **C.** ground **D.** earth

**8:** The human race is only one small \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the living world.

**A.** thing **B.** type **C.** species **D.** kind

**9:** The hotel pays cash on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for fish, which the local fishermen like.

**A.** delivery **B.** sales **C.** purpose **D.** ways

**10:** All fossil fuels are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ resources that cannot be replaced after use.

**A.** unlimited **B.** renewable **C.** available **D.** non-renewable

**11:** Deforestation is **destroying** large areas of tropical rain forest.

**A.** damaging **B.** becoming **C.** raising **D.** changing

**12:** Thanh Ba post office offers a very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ rate for parcels under 15 kg.

**A.** compete **B.** competitive **C.** competition **D.** competitor

**13:** X: “I have bought you a toy. Happy birthday to you!” Y: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

**A.** What a lovely toy! Thanks. **B.** Have a nice day! **C.** What a pity! **D.** The same to you!

**14:** Non-renewable energy sources are running \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** up **B.** out **C.** on **D.** to

**15:** We are trying to save many rare animals from \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** disappeared **B.** extinction **C.** empty **D.** appearance

**16:** Geothermal \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ comes from deep inside the earth.

**A.** force **B.** warmth **C.** heat **D.** wind

**17:** The U.S. was unwilling to do anything that might \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the alliance with Japan.

**A.** danger **B.** dangerously **C.** dangerous **D.** endanger

**18:** Our post office is equipped \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ advanced technology.

**A.** in **B.** of **C.** by **D.** with

**19:** X: "Would you mind opening the door for me?”  Y: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

**A.** Yes, I’ll do it now. **B.** Yes, I do. **C.** I’d love to **D.** No, not at all.

**20:** People have used coal and oil to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ electricity for a long time.

**A.** generates **B.** generation **C.** generate **D.** generated

**GRAMMAR**

**21:** Do you know the man \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to Lan?

**A.** who talk **B.** talked **C.** that is talking **D.** is talking

**22:** The shop assistant has shown me twenty hats, none of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I like.

**A.** whom **B.** which **C.** who **D.** that

**23:** Can you show me the shop \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I can buy a watch for her?

**A.** where **B.** whose **C.** which **D.** that

**24:** Ann, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ children are at school all day, is trying to get a job.

**A.** whose **B.** who’s **C.** who **D.** whom

**25:** The picture \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ she was looking was beautiful.

**A.** that **B.** which **C.** at which **D.** in which

**26:** Last year, they \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 22 million TV sets.

**A.** were selling **B.** have sold **C.** had sold **D.** sold

**27:** Look! That man \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to open the door of your car.

**A.** is trying **B.** has tried **C.** tried **D.** try

**28:** The house \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the storm has now been rebuilt.

**A.** destroying **B.** destroyed **C.** that destroyed **D.** which is destroyed

**29:** I was the last person \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the party last night.

**A.** coming **B.** come **C.** who come **D.** to come

**30:** I knew Tim when he was a child, but I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ him since 2000.

**A.** haven’t seen **B.** doesn’t see **C.** hadn’t seen **D.** didn’t see

**ERROR RECOGNITION**

**31:** Researcher (A) around (B) the world are trying to find (C) other (D) new sources of energy.

**32:** The number (A) of rare animals is decreasing (B) so rapidly that they are in (C) danger of become (D) extinct.

**33:** I’ll never (A) forget the (B) day on (C) when I first met (D) you.

**34:** Bogota, that (A) is the capital (B) of Columbia, is (C) a cosmopolitan (D) city.

**35:** We offer the (A) best services with a well-trained (B) staff who (C) are always thoughtful and courteous with (D) customers.

**GAP-FILLING: Read the passage. Choose the best answer (A, B, C or D) to complete the passage**

We need energy to live and work. Our major source of energy is oil. Oil is one kind of fossil fuel. The amount of fossil fuels in the world is limited. (36) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, we must save it, and at that time, we must find new sources of energy. Geothermal heat and nuclear (37) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are alternative sources of energy. They can (38) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ us electricity. Other alternative sources are the sun, wind and water. These sources are not only unlimited and available (39) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ also clean and safe for the environment. People should (40) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and use them more and more in the future.

**36:** **A.** Because **B.** Although **C.** [Therefore](http://simple.wiktionary.org/wiki/affection) **D.** However

**37: A.** bomb **B.** heat **C.** power **D.** fuel

**38: A.** get **B.** give **C.** receive **D.** [provide](http://simple.wiktionary.org/wiki/trouble)

**39: A.** so **B.** and **C.** but **D.** as

**40: A.** encourage **B.** develop **C.** waste **D.** exhaust

**READING: Read the passage, then answer the questions below by choosing A, B, C or D**

Pollution is the degradation of natural environment by external substances introduced directly or indirectly. Human health, ecosystem quality and **aquatic and terrestrial biodiversity** may be affected and altered permanently by pollution.

Pollution occurs when ecosystems cannot get rid of substances introduced into the environment. The critical threshold of its ability to naturally eliminate substances is compromised and the balance of the ecosystem is broken.

The sources of pollution are numerous. The identification of these different pollutants and their effects on ecosystems is complex. They can come from natural disasters or the result of human activity, such as oil spills, chemical spills, nuclear accidents… These can have terrible consequences on people and the planet where they live: destruction of the biodiversity, increased mortality of the human and animal species, destruction of natural habitat, damage caused to the quality of soil, water and air...

**41: “Aquatic and terrestrial biodiversity” is one related to:**

**A.** sea and mountain **B.** water and land **C.** sea and ocean **D.** land and air

**42: The ecosystem \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**A.** may not always be able to cope with pollution. **B.** can always cope with pollutants.

**C.** is never broken. **D.** cannot be affected by pollution.

**43: According to the passage, pollution \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**A.** is always caused by humans. **B.** occurs when ecosystems change

**C.** cannot influence human health **D.** may sometimes be caused by natural disasters.

**44: These following statements are true except:**

**A.** There are a lot of causes of pollution.

**B.** The sources of pollution can come from nuclear accidents.

**C.** It’s easy to identify pollution’s effects on ecosystems.

**D.** Destruction of the biodiversity is one of terrible consequences of pollution.

**45: Which of the following is the main idea of the passage?**

**A.** Pollution and its negative effects **B.** How to prevent pollution

**C.** Ecosystems **D.** Degradation of natural environment

**TRANSFORMATION: Choose the sentence which has the closet meaning with the given one**

**46: The photographs that were published in the newspaper were extraordinary.**

**A.** The photographs publishing in the newspaper were extraordinary.

**B.** The photographs to publish in the newspaper were extraordinary.

**C.** The photographs which published in the newspaper were extraordinary.

**D.** The photographs published in the newspaper were extraordinary.

**47: Alan told Michael about the death of his dog. Michael began to cry like a baby.**

**A.** As soon as Alan told Michael about the death of his dog, Michael began to cry like a baby.

**B.** Although Alan told Michael about the death of his dog, Michael began to cry like a baby.

**C.** When Alan told Michael about the death of his dog, Michael had begun to cry like a baby.

**D.** Before Alan told Michael about the death of his dog, Michael began to cry like a baby.

**48: The young man lives on the corner. He rides an expensive motorbike.**

**A.** The young man living on the corner riding an expensive motorbike.

**B.** The young man to ride an expensive motorbike lives on the corner.

**C.** The young man riding an expensive motorbike lives on the corner.

**D.** The young man to live on the corner rides an expensive motorbike.

**49: The woman felt proud of her husband. She lived next door.**

**A.** The woman lived next door felt proud of her husband.

**B.** The woman that lived next door felt proud of her husband.

**C.** The woman to be lived next door felt proud of her husband.

**D.** The woman to live next door felt proud of her husband.

**50: This reporter, whose background** **I know well, is honest.**

**A.** I know this reporter’s background well; and he is honest.

**B.** Honestly, this reporter’s background is good.

**C.** Although I know this reporter’s background well, he is honest.

**D.** Not only is this reporter’s background good but he is honest as well.

**MIDTERM TEST 2015-2016**

**STRESS: Choose the word which is stressed differently from the rest**

 **1. A.** amount **B.** lower **C.** entire **D.** provide

 **2. A.** telephone **B.** relation **C.** newspaper **D.** communal

**PRONUNCIATION: Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others:**

 **3. A.** pot**e**ntial **B.** d**e**mand **C.** dev**e**lop **D. e**nergy

 **4. A. ch**emical **B.** spa**c**ious **C.** fa**c**simile **D. c**ourteous

 **5. A.** proh**i**bit **B.** fertil**i**zer **C.** surv**i**ve **D.** env**i**ronment

**Word choice - Speaking**

 **6.** It is important for manufacturers to identify \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_problems at the design stage.

**A.** obvious **B.** simple **C.** completed **D.** potential

 **7.** A: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_? B: No, thanks.

**A.** Do you like sugar

**B.** Do you like sugar or milk

**C.** Would you like some more sugar

**D.** Do you often drink coffee with sugar or milk

 **8.** Your EMS mail will be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_in the shortest possible time.

**A.** provided **B.** taken **C.** caught **D.** delivered

 **9.** I need to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_$1,000 to my daughter’s account.

**A.** transfer **B.** transform **C.** translate **D.** transact

 **10.** Many species of animals are threatened and could easily become \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** empty **B.** disappeared **C.** extinct **D.** vanished

 **11.** Jevons estimated that England's commercially available coal \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_would run out in one hundred years.

**A.** fund **B.** supply **C.** store **D.** reservation

 **12.** A: I haven’t done the homework. B: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** I am, too. **B.** And John hasn’t, either.

**C.** So I will do it. **D.** But John did neither

 **13.** More than half of Madagascar's freshwater fish \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_extinction.

**A.** are threatened with **B.** are swimming to

**C.** are in danger **D.** are going to be

 **14.** All bedrooms in this new house are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_with a colour TV.

**A.** provided **B.** equipped **C.** fixed **D.** notified

 **15.** Why exactly do we humans have such an incredibly large \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_on other species and the natural world?

**A.** dependence **B.** conservation **C.** extinction **D.** influence

**Grammar**

 **16.** I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ all of the questions correctly since I began this grammar exercise on verb tenses.

**A.** answered **B.** am answering **C.** have answered **D.** answer

 **17.** Monkeys belong to the group of animals\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_as primates.

**A.** to know **B.** knowing **C.** know **D.** known

 **18.** "Do you think Harry will want something to eat after he gets here?"

"I hope not. It'll probably be after midnight, and we \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. "

**A.** are sleeping **B.** will be sleeping **C.** be sleeping **D.** have been sleeping

 **19.** Dorothy said something \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_I couldn’t hear clearly.

**A.** what **B.** no word needed **C.** who **D.** where

 **20.** The fifth man \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_was entirely unsuitable.

**A.** that interviewing **B.** to be interviewing **C.** to be interviewed **D.** interviewed

 **21.** According to research reports, people usually \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in their sleep 25 to 30 times each night.

**A.** turned **B.** are turning **C.** turn **D.** have turned

 **22.** The National Hurricane Center is closely watching a strong hurricane over the Atlantic Ocean. When it\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the coast of Texas sometime tomorrow afternoon, it will bring with it great destructive force.

**A.** reaching **B.** will reach **C.** is reaching **D.** reaches

 **23.** The missing man’s family is seeking anyone \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ information about his activities or whereabouts.

**A.** who have **B.** has **C.** that has **D.** have

 **24.** Their office consisted of three rooms, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_was used as a conference room.

**A.** the largest of which **B.** larger of which **C.** largest **D.** the largest of them

 **25.** Fleming’s discovery of penicillin, \_\_\_\_\_\_, had a major impact on the lives of people in the 20th century.

**A.** that he was awarded the Nobel Prize for

**B.** which awarded the Nobel Prize

**C.** for which he was awarded the Nobel Prize.

**D.** awarded the Nobel Prize

**Error recognition**.

 **26.** Peter is the boy whom (A) I think (B) scored the winning (C) points for (D) the basketball team.

 **27.** In general (A), newspapers emphasize current news (B), whereas (C) magazines dealt (D) more with background materials.

 **28.** Marie Curie, whose discover (A) of radium made (B) her famous (C), was a French (D) physicist.

 **29.** They worked (A) in (B) a hospital was (C) sponsored (D) by the government.

 **30.** Bacteria lived (A) in the soil play a vital (B)role in recycling (C) the carbon and nitrogen needed (D) by plants.

**Reading. Read the passage below. Then choose one best answer (A, B, C or D) to each question**.

Along the eastern coast of Australia is one of the most fascinating areas of the natural world – the Great Barrier Reef. The Great Barrier Reef is more than 2,000 kilometers long, but it isn’t really one long reef. It is actually made up of about 3,000 separate coral reefs.

The Great Barrier Reef is like a large city under the sea filled with many species of marine life. More than 2,000 species of fish inhabit it. There are also about 400 different species of coral and 500 species of seaweed. The fish include several kinds of sharks. The most common one is the blacktip reef shark. It gets its name from the black coloring on the end of its fins.

The blacktip shark isn’t a dangerous shark, but there are dangerous animals on the reef. The tiger shark, for example, is an aggressive shark. There are several kinds of poisonous jellyfish, and there are poisonous snakes, too. Stingrays can injure people with their sharp tails. Divers have to be careful on the Great Barrier Reef.

Some animals on the reef are dangerous to people, but people are even more dangerous to the reef. Agriculture in Australia has caused water pollution, and this has already killed some areas of the reef. Divers cause damage when they take bits of coral from the reef, or when they stand on the reef. If humans don’t learn to respect and protect natural treasures like the Great Barrier Reef, these treasures could one day disappear from the earth.

 **31.** Which statement is true about the blacktip shark?

**A.** It is not very common. **B.** It has a sharp tail.

**C.** It is aggressive. **D.** It has black on its fins.

 **32.** Why do divers have to be careful on the Great Barrier Reef?

**A.** It’s difficult to stand on it. **B.** There are dangerous animals.

**C.** It’s too far from the coast. **D.** The water is very dirty.

 **33.** What is this passage mainly about?

**A.** Ocean pollution **B.** Different kinds of marine animals.

**C.** An interesting part of the world **D.** Dangers on a reef

 **34.** What causes water pollution?

**A.** Farming **B.** Picking up coral

**C.** Diving **D.** Standing on the reef

 **35.** About how long is the Great Barrier Reef?

**A.** 2,000 kilometers **B.** 500 kilometers

**C.** 3,000 kilometers **D.** 4,000 kilometers

**Fill in each numbered blank with one suitable word or phrase.**

There is now increasing concern about the world's energy \_\_\_ (36)\_\_\_ particularly about those involving fossil fuels. In less than a hundred years we shall probably \_\_\_ (37)\_\_\_ all the present sources of oil and gas. The world's coal \_\_\_ (38)\_\_\_ should last longer but, once used, these can't be \_\_\_ (39)\_\_\_ It is important, therefore, that we should develop such alternative sources of energy as solar energy and nuclear energy as well as water and wind power. It is important for the developed countries to reduce energy \_\_\_(40)\_\_\_ as much as possible.

 **36.** **A.** possession **B.** goods **C.** materials **D.** resources

 **37.** **A.** complete **B.** total **C.** exhaust **D.** end

 **38.** **A.** reserves **B.** stores **C.** mines **D.** contents

 **39.** **A.** updated **B.** produced **C.** repeated **D.** renewed

 **40.** **A.** exhaustion **B.** waste **C.** destruction **D.** consumption

**Writing**

**Word form**

41. Thanh Ba Post Office offers a very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ rate for parcels under 15 kg. (compete)

42. The chemical \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from cars and factories make the air, water and soil dangerously dirty. (pollute)

43. The problems of pollution call for a prompt \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from the government. (act)

44. You think he'd at least have the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to call to say he'd be late. (courteous)

45. She is a famous\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. She tries her best to protect rare animals from extinction. (environment)

**Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the word given. Do not change the word given. You must use between *two* and *five* words, including the word given.**

46. I don’t know the reason. She was sacked for this reason. (WHICH)

🡪 I don’t know \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was sacked.

47. When was their wedding? (BEEN)

🡪 How \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_married?

48. She showed me a photo of her son. You told me about his company. (WHOSE)

🡪 She showed me a photo of her son, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ about.

49 .He was the last person that left the room that day. (LEAVE)

🡪 He was the last person \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that day.

50. I had never seen a real tiger before. (TIME)

🡪 It was the\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a real tiger.

**Nội dung ôn tập Khối 12**

**MIDTERM TEST 2013-2014**

**I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others**

1. A. pick**ed** B. consider**ed** C. stay**ed** D. receiv**ed**

2. A. **a**dvice B. **a**wareness C. **a**griculture D. **a**ward

**II. Choose the word whose main stressed syllable is differently from that of the others.**

3. A. primary B. habitat C. extinction D. movement

4. A. subject B. wildlife C. damage D. except

5. A. temperature B. commercial C. biologist D. identify

**III. Choose the best option A, B, C or D to complete the sentence**

6. Ann doesn’t get on well with people around her. She has \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ changed her job many times.

A. however B. so C. therefore D. but

7. It’s a secret. You \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ let anyone know about it.

A. mustn’t B. needn’t C. mightn’t D. may not

8. Today people know that forest \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is necessary to the protection of environment.

A. conservative B. conservation C. conserving D. conserve

9. Books that give facts about real events, things, or people are called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. novel B. biography C. romance D. non-fiction

10. It was such a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to meet you.

A. please B. pleasure C. pleasant D. pleasing

11. Exercises \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by the teacher tomorrow.

A. will be corrected B. will correct C. are going to correct D. are corrected

12. There is a lot of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ between computer companies.

A. compete B. competing C. competitive D. competition

13. Why don’t you have your leg \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

A. test B. to test C. tested D. testing

14. The first question must \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ before you attempt the others.

A. to answer B. be answered C. answer D. answering

15. He hasn’t tried it himself. He would like to ,\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. though B. although C. even though D. despite

16. The statue \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ while it \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to another room in the museum.

A. broke/ moved B. broke/ was being moved

C. was broken/ was moved D. had broken/ was moved

17. My sister \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ trouble with her motorbike now, so she has to take the bus to work.

A. have B. was having C. is having D. had

18. –X: “ I don’t like hunting” - Y: “ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.”

A. Either do I B. I do, too C. I don’t, neither D. Neither do I

19. The prisoner \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to have escaped by climbing over the wall.

A. thought B. has thought C. thinks D. is thought

20. After Mary \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her degree, she intends to work in her father’s company.

A. will finish B. finishes C. is finishing D. had finished

21. The negative effect of cigarette smoking is enormous, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ many people still smoke.

A. but B. so C. therefore D. however

22. The firemen have been examining the ground \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ yesterday.

A. for B. by C. since D. no word is needed

23. Many of the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ not expect to win.

A. participants in the races does B. participants in the race does

C. participant in the race does D. participants in the race do

24. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the weather forecast spoke of wind and rain, we really enjoyed a warm and sunny afternoon.

A. Although B. However C. Yet D. But

25. – X: “ In my opinion, action films are exciting.” – Y: “ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.”

A. Yes. Congratulation! B. There’s no doubt about it .

C. What an opinion! D. You shouldn’t have said that.

26. Gold \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in California in the 19th century.

A. has been discovered B. discovered C. was discovered D. is discovered

27. He thought the talk was fascinating. His friend, \_\_\_\_\_\_ fell asleep halfway through it.

A. although B. therefore C. but D. however

28. Environmentalists say that factories are pumping \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ water into rivers.

A. polluted B. pollution C. polluting D. pollutant

29. Professor Moore recommended the book \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ all his students.

A. with B. to C. for D. from

30. – X: I’m going on holiday tomorrow”. – Y: “ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

A. Congratulation! B. Take care C. Have a nice time D. Watch out

**IV. Choose the underlined word or phrase in each sentence that needs correcting**

31. **In spite**  the danger, they **managed to**  **cross** the river **during** the night.

 A B C D

32. John got his sister **read** his assignment, and then asked her  **to write** the report **for him** because he did not have **enough time**. A B C

 D

33. Dinosaurs **became extinction** millions of years ago **because** **the earth’s** climate changed **drastically**.

 A B C D

34. **During** the school year, I am not allowed **to watch** television **when**  I have finished my **homework**.

 A B C D

35. He **jumped** down after **shouted** a warning **to** those **standing**  below.

 A B C D

**V. TRANSFORMATION**

36. **That factory is producing more and more pollution**.

A. More and more pollution are being produced by that factory.

B. More and more pollution are produced by that factory.

C. More and more pollution is produced by that factory.

D. More and more pollution is being produced by that factory.

37. **Every student is required to write an essay on the topic**.

A. Every student might write an essay on the topic.

B. Every student should write an essay o the topic.

C. Every student must write an essay on the topic.

D. They require every student write an essay on the topic.

38. **You ought to do your homework every day**.

A. Your homework ought be done every day.

B. Your homework ought to be done every day.

C. Your homework should to be done every day.

D. Your homework need to be done every day.

39. **It was thought that the building had been destroyed.**

A. The building is thought to have been destroyed.

B. People have destroyed the building.

C. The building was thought to have been destroyed.

D. The building was thought to have destroyed.

40. **Although he doesn’t have much money, he seems happy**.

A. Despite he has not much money, he seems happy.

B. Despite his money, he seems happy

C. Despite having much money, he seems happy.

D. Despite his lack of money, he seems happy.

**VI. GAP-FILLING**

It’s quite rare to meet teenagers who don’t like sports. When you are young, you know how important (41) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to do physical exercise if you want to be healthy and strong, and for that reason you often concentrate on just one sport with so (42) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ enthusiasm that in the end you can’t live without it. The problem is, though, that as you grow up you have less and less spare time. At your age you have to study harder if you want to get good marks to go to university, with perhaps only one afternoon a week to do any sport. This happens just when you are at the best (43) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for many sports, such as gymnastics and swimming. By the time you finish all your studies you will probably be too old to be really good at sports like those, but if you spend enough time on (44) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ while you are young, then one day you will find that you are very good at your sport but too old to study, and you will find it (45) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to get a good job. Somehow, it doesn’t seem fair.

41. A. this is B. you are C. it is D. things are

42. A. keen B. many C. great D. much

43. A. stage B. age C. period D. time

44. A. training B. practice C. exercise D. sporting

45. A. impractical B. unlikely C. improbable D. impossible

**VII. READING**

Many believe only animals are endangered. They think wild plants can just grow back after damage. This is not true. Our plants are declining at an alarming rate. Among them are some of the most beautiful and useful species on Earth. The importance of plants to life on Earth is immeasurable. The landscape and wildlife we enjoy, the food we eat, even the air we breathe is connected to plant life.

Plants support wildlife. The U.S. Forest Service has stated that for every plant species that goes extinct, up to 30 other species of plants, insects and other animals may also decline. Plants provide the food and habitat for wildlife.

Plants support a healthy environment. They provide clean air, help hold soil in place, clean water, moderate wind and water impacts, and shade the earth.

Plants support people. Plants give many gifts to man. They provide food, fiber, and fuels. Many plants are known to contain chemicals that can be used to treat human illnesses. Others have the ability to fight agricultural pests and improve existing crops.

This is a real crisis. Habitat destruction, over collection, and other environmental damage are eroding our natural plant communities. Some species have declined to such small numbers that a bad storm or a plant collector could wipe them out in minutes. Without intervention they will be lost forever.

46. **According to the text, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.**

A. plants play a very important role to life on Earth

B. plants do not play a very important role to life on Earth

C. wild plants can just grow back easily after damage

D. our plants are increasing

47. **Which sentence is true?**

A. The landscape, wildlife, food, air is connected to plant life

B. Plants do not influence the environment.

C. Plants do not influence wildlife.

D. Plants can provide only food for wildlife.

48. **Plants, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.**

A. do not provide habitat for wildlife B. do not contain chemicals

C. can prevent erosionD. cannot shade the earth

49. **Food, fiber, fuels, and chemicals that can be used to treat human illnesses are the …………. plants give us.**

A. protection B. extinction C. giftsD. pests

50. **The writer advised us\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.**

A. to destroy plants as much as possible B. to intervene on plant extinction

C. not to grow any plants D. not intervene on plant extinction

**MIDTERM TEST 2014-2015**

**\*READING**

Reading, as you know, is a continuous and never ending process. If you do very little reading, or if you read only material that offers no challenge to your comprehension, your reading will be of very little use. Once we reach a certain age, or once our formal schooling is completed, many of us become so restricted in our choice of reading that we rarely read any new type of reading experience. We tend to read only books in our professional or business field, or only inspirational books, or only our favorite newspapers every morning, or only one magazine for which we have developed a preference. And the trouble starts here. You should neither read only for entertainment nor only for information but you should also read for intellectual growth, for mental stimulation, for enriching your background of knowledge, for wisdom, and for broader outlook and mature understanding.

What kind of books should you read to continue your intellectual growth, to gain a background for opinion and for judgment? The answer is simple one: Read books in fields you have little or no acquaintance with, books that will open for you new horizons of learning, books that will help you explore new areas of knowledge and experience, books that will make the world and people more understandable to you. Sadly, more and more people today are giving up the printed word in favor of being entertained and informed by watching TV, a popular entertainment ,device present at almost homes. More and more children are being subjected to TV programming, perhaps as a babysitter. More than two hours of TV time per day are now a part of children development, generating physiological and mental problems that are of growing concern among experts.

1. **Reading** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. completely stops when we finish our schooling B. is of little use

C. is an endless process D. should be done a little

2. **According to the tex**t, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. new type of reading experience often interests most of us

B. we should only read for entertainment

C. reading for intellectual growth is necessary

D. we should not read for mental stimulation

3. **What kind of books is recommended?**

A. Books in fields you have little or no acquaintance with.

B. Books that will help you explore new areas of knowledge and experience.

C. Books that will open for you new horizons of learning.

D. All are correct.

4. **We can learn from the text that today \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.**

A. people spend more time watching TV than reading books

B. more and more people enjoy reading

C. most babysitters prefer watching TV

D. most children spend less than 2 hours a day watching TV

5. **The writer \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.**

A. does not approve of reading process B. prefers watching TV to reading

C. advises us to read as little as possible D. appreciates reading

**\* Choose the underlined part that needs correcting.**

6. **My** neighbor, Jeanine, who **is coming** from Belgium, **has been living** here **since** 1990.

 A B C D

7. I take **the bus** to **the city** and meet Tom at **the sports complex** so we can play **the tennis**.

 A B C D

8. **According many** critics, Mark Twain’s novel Huckleberry Finn is his **greatest** work and is **one of the**

 A B C

greatest American **novels** ever written.

 D

9. **Eaten** **too** many sweets **may** **cause** a stomachache.

 A B C D

10. **Paychecks** are distributed to **all employees** **on** Friday afternoons **in** 3:00.

 A B C D

**\*TRANSFORMATION**

11. **It was thought that the building had been destroyed**.

A. The building was thought had been destroyed.

B. The building thought to be destroyed.

C. The building was thought to have been destroyed.

D. They have destroyed the building.

12. **Slippery as the roads were, they managed to complete the race.**

A. The roads were so slippery that they could hardly complete the race.

B. The roads were slippery but they managed to complete the race.

C. The roads were slippery so they could hardly complete the race.

D. The roads were so slippery; therefore, they could hardly complete the race.

13**. There was once a tree at this corner.**

A. There used to have a tree at this corner. B. There used to be once a tree at this corner.

C. There used to being a tree at this corner. D. There used to be a tree at this corner.

14. **Perhaps the others are looking for us now.**

A. The others might be looking for us now. B. The others must be looking for us now.

C. The others should be looking for us now. D. The others have to be looking for us now.

15. **Somebody repaired her bicycle last week**.

A. She had to repair her bicycle last week. B. She had her bicycle repair last week.

C. She had her bicycle repaired last week. D. She got her bicycle to repair last week.

**\*Choose the best option**

16. We understand the situation perfectly. You \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ explain it to us any further.

A. needn’t B. must C. mustn’t D. need

17. Anna needed some money; \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, she took a part-time job.

A. furthermore B. moreover C. however D. therefore

18. Peter has been working for 10 hours. He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ be very tired now.

A. needn’t B. must C. has to D. should

19. He is unreliable. What he says \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ be believed.

A. cannot B. must not C. may not D. might not

20. Being listed as an endangered species can have negative **effect** since it could make a species more desirable for collectors and poachers.

A. awareness B. preservation C. support D. impact

21. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is the existence of a wide variety of plant and animal species living in their natural environment.

A. Biodiversity B. Conservation C. Globe D. Individual

22. The referee had no hesitation in awarding the visiting team a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. penal B. penalize C. penalty D. penalization

23. The food is in an excellent state of \_\_\_\_\_.

A. preserves B. preservation C. preserving D. preservative

24. The land in this part of the country is very \_\_\_\_\_. We can grow anything here.

A. fertile B. fertilizer C. fertilizing D. fertilize

25. The wind is blowing so hard. We \_\_­­­­\_\_\_\_\_ such a terrible storm.

A. had never known B. never knew C. have never known D. have never been knowing

26. He only had time to \_\_\_ into the report before going to the meeting.

A. see B. dip C. break D. read

27. She’s busy writing a book \_\_\_\_\_ astrology.

A. in B. of C. with D. on

28. Books that give facts about real events, things, or people are called\_\_\_\_\_.

A. non-fiction B. novel C. biography D. romance

29. X: “ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.” – Y: “ Thank you for your compliment”.

A. You have done your work. B. This is a present for you.

C. I’m glad that you are well again. D. You look pretty in this dress.

30. Exercises \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by the teacher tomorrow.

A. will correct B. is corrected C. will be corrected D. are corrected

31. More fouls were \_\_\_\_\_ in the final match than expected.

A. done B. committed C. achieved D. completed

32. A player that has been \_\_\_\_\_ three times must sit out the whole match with substitution.

A. eliminated B. discharged C. emitted D. ejected

33. Minh had a terrible headache. \_\_\_\_\_, he went to school.

A. Therefore B. But C. However D. So

34. The food is in an excellent state of \_\_\_\_\_.

A. preserves B. preservation C. preserving D. preservative

35. It was such a great book that I couldn’t put it \_\_\_\_\_.

A. on B. off C. out D. down

36. “ The longest fish in the contest was eighteen inches long.” “It \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by Peter”.

A. was catching B. caught C. catches D. was caught

37. He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to New York three times this year.

A. had been B. has been C. is D. was

38. X: “ Thank you very much for a lovely party.” – Y: “ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.”

A. You are welcome B. Thanks C. Cheers D. Have a good day

39. Peter \_\_\_\_\_\_ me to join the team before you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ me a letter.

A. asked/ write B. was asking/ were writing

C. had asked/ wrote D. ask/ have written

40. X: Pandas live in high mountains in China, don’t they? – Y: …………

A. That’s true, I think B. That’s OK.

C. Nothing much! D. You may not say it.

**\* Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others**

41. A. team B. mean C. cheap D. really

42. A. books B. holidays C. stories D. words

**\* Choose the word whose stress pattern is placed differently from that of the others**

43. A. character B. recommend C. personality D. unbelievable

44. A. compete B. punish C. eject D. commit

45. A. committee B. performance C. penalize D. opponent

**\*Gap-filling**

Jack’s hobby is hunting but Debbie, his sister, is trying to (46) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ him that hunting animals is wrong.

She can’t (47) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the idea of killing animals for fun. Jack asks his sister why she doesn’t mind eating the rabbits he shots. Debbie says we sometimes have to kill animals to feed ourselves, and that rabbits are not in any danger of becoming (48) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. She says that many wild animals are struggling to (49) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. She believes everyone should (50) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ visiting countries where they are hunted. She knows she will never make Jack change his mind. Instead, she refused to talk to him for days after one of their disagreements.

46. A. agree B. persuade C. explain D. advise

47. A. have B. like C. go D. bear

48. A dead B. finished C. extinct D. rare

49. A. survive B. live C. overcome D. continue

50. A. deny B. escape C. dislike D. avoid

**MIDTERM TEST 2015-2016**

**SECTION A: (8 POINTS)**

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to show the underlined part that needs correction***

1. Despite the weather forecast spoke of wind and rain, we really enjoyed a warm and sunny afternoon.

 A B C D

2. The students seemed to be exciting about the trip after working hard for the exam.

 A B C D

3. Species like snakes, lizards, squirrels and jack rabbits seems to exist quite happily in nature.

 A B C D

4. In recent years, fouls have been severely penalty in football match.

 A B C D

5. I have been looking at this book for months, and at last I have found it.

 A B C D

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions***

6. It says in the rules that you \_\_\_\_ make noise in the library.

A. may not B. don’t have to C. mustn’t D. don’t need

7. Defensive players are not allowed to interfere \_\_\_\_\_\_ an opponent’s movements unless the player is holding the ball.

A. to B. on C. at D. with

8. My friend had her camera \_\_\_\_\_ during the trip.

A. to steal B. stolen C. steal D. to be stolen

9. A water polo game is divided into quarters ranging from five to eight minutes in \_\_\_\_.

A. time B. length C. period D. stage

10. Reading a lot of books in a day \_\_\_\_\_ her sick and tired.

A. makes B. make C. have made D. are making

11. X: “Have you seen Jack?” – Y: “No. But he \_\_\_\_\_ be studying in the library.”

A. must B. should C. is going to D. may

12. It was raining very hard outside, \_\_\_\_ they went on swimming anyway.

A. but B. although C. therefore D. however

13. She was absent from class yesterday. \_\_\_\_\_, she didn’t understand the lesson.

A. As B. Therefore C. Because D. Since

14. Only a few people came to the meeting, \_\_\_\_\_ it had to be cancelled.

A. because B. nevertheless C. so D. unless

15. Today people know that forest \_\_\_\_\_\_ is necessary to the protection of environment.

A. preserve B. pollution C. contamination D. conservation

16. X: “How are you, today?” – Y: “\_\_\_\_”

A. Very good B. Never be ill C. Better and better D. Fine, thanks.

17. It’s certain that the events described in her book are \_\_\_\_.

A. imaginative B. imagine C. imaginary D. image

18. X: “\_\_\_ buying a reference book? ” – Y: “ That’s a good idea.”

A. Would you B. How about C. How are you D. Are we

19. Whenever I come across a great book, I couldn’t \_\_\_\_ it down.

A. take B. make C. place D. put

20. I \_\_\_\_ any sports since I \_\_\_\_ university.

A. didn’t play/left B. haven’t played/left

C. didn’t play/have left D. played/haven’t left

21. This pair of trousers \_\_\_\_\_ cleaning.

A. have need B. needs C. is needed D. are needed

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word or phrase that is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following questions.***

22. If I come to a boring bit in a book, I just skip a few pages till the real story starts again.

A. thing B. part C. story D. lesson

23. Scientists are investigating the mysterious disappearance of some wildlife.

A. typical B. rare C. strange D. common

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word or phrase that is OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following questions.***

24. Books in the home are a wonderful source of knowledge and pleasure.

A. complaint B. sadness C. happiness D. enjoyment

25. The rules were made in order to prevent major fouls in the match.

A. digest B. do C. protect D. allow

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the rest in the position of the main stress in each of the following questions.***

26. A. subject B. wildlife C. damage D. compete

27. A. referee B. continue C. opponent D. reviewer

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest in each of the following questions.***

28. A. necessary B. center C. chemical D. except

29. A. typical B. diversity C. familiar D. establish

30. A. endanger B. many C. favorite D. nature

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word for each of the blanks from 31 to 35.***

A short story is a short (31) \_\_\_\_ of fiction. Fiction, as you know, is prose writing about imagined events and characters. Novels, which are much longer than short stories, are (32) \_\_\_\_ example of fictional prose. Some short stories, however, can be quite long. If a short story is a long one, say, fifty to one hundred pages, we call it a (33) \_\_\_\_ .

American literature contains some of the world’s best examples of the short story. Readers around the world enjoy the finely crafted stories of American (34) \_\_\_\_ such as O. Henry, Stephen Crane, Jack London, Mark Twain, and Edgar Allen Poe.

What makes these authors such remarkable short story writers? They are true masters (35) \_\_\_\_ combining key elements that go into every great short story such as character, setting, conflict, plot and theme.

31. A. reading B. book C. art D. work

32. A. others B. another C. other D. the others

33. A. story B. novella C. book D. fiction

34. A. written B. writing C. writers D. writer

35. A. at B. in C. with D. for

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 36 to 40.***

Aquatic sports – sports involving playing in or upon the water – take various forms. The main activities include *swimming*, *synchronized swimming*, *diving* and *water polo*. By *swimming* we mean the sport in which players perform the act of moving through the water by using the arms, legs and body in motion. *Swimming* is an integral part of almost all water-based activities. Closely related to swimming is *synchronized swimming* where the players perform beautiful maneuvers to music and diving. *Water polo*, on the other hand, is a game where two opposing teams play against each other, attempting to score points by throwing a buoyant ball into the opponent’s goal.

Aquatic sports have long been **acknowledged** as excellent ways to take physical exercise. Furthermore, practicing them is known to produce both psychological and physical benefits which help to improve mood states and reduce the risk of many serious diseases.

**36. *According to the passage, aquatic sports are the sports \_\_\_\_.***

A. happening in water

B. involving playing with the arms

C. involving playing with the legs

D. related to music and diving

**37. *Considered one of the most complete forms of exercise, \_\_\_\_ is the basic part of many other aquatic sports.***

A. diving B. synchronized swimming

C. swimming D. water polo

**38. *It can be inferred from the passage that \_\_\_\_ was developed from water ballet*.**

A. diving B. synchronized swimming

C. swimming D. water polo

**39. *According to the passage, \_\_\_\_\_ is a team sport and is played with a ball.***

A. water polo B. diving C. swimming D. water-based activities

**40. *The word “acknowledged” in the passage is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.***

A. proved B. meant C. named D. recognized

**SECTION B: (2 POINTS)**

***I. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means the same as the sentence printed before it. Write your answers on your answer sheet.***

1. They had to do the whole exercise again.

→ The whole exercise ………………………………………………

2. Although he took a taxi, Bill still arrived late for the concert.

→ In spite of ……………………………………………

3. We are building Vietnam into a powerful and prosperous country.

→ Vietnam is………………………………………

4. He lost his job because he was late every day.

→ If he ………………………………………………………

5. Please do not smoke in this area of the restaurant.

→ Customers are requested ……………………………….

***II. In about 120 words, write a paragraph about*** THE MEASURES THAT SHOULD BE TAKEN TO PROTECT ENDANGERED ANIMALS***. Write your paragraph on your answer sheet.***